
	GENERIC NAME	BRAND NAME	ROUTE	ACTIONS
1.	Midazolam Hydrochloride	Versed	IM, IV, or PO	CNS depression to induce sleepiness and amnesia. Decreases apprehension before and/or during anesthesia and/or procedures. Pt's require close observations of vitals and airway after use of this medication including O ₂ administration
2.	Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride	Benadryl		Prevents but does not reverse histamine-mediated responses particularly histamine's effects of the smooth muscles of the bronchial tubes. Also suppresses cough reflex and promotes drowsiness.
3.	Ephedrine Sulfate	-	IM,SQ,PO, IV & Nasal	Stimulates alpha and beta-adrenergic receptors: a direct and indirect-acting sympathomimetic, Used to correct hypotension, mostly in Holding Area but has been used for nasal or broncho-dilation
4.	Atropine Sulfate	Atropisol	IV, SQ & PO	An anticholinergic that inhibits acetylcholine at para-sympathetic neuroeffector junction, blocks vagal effects on the SA and AV nodes thereby speeds up heart rate, Used pre-op to diminish secretions
5.	Glycopyrrolate	Robinul	IM, IV, SQ & PO	Inhibits cholinergic actions of acetylcholine on autonomic effectors. Used pre-op to diminish secretions and block cardiac vagal reflexes. Also used to reverse neuromuscular blockage.
6.	Metoclopramide Hydrochloride	Reglan	IM, IV & PO	Stimulates motility of the upper GI tract. Increases lower esophageal sphincter tone and blocks dopamine receptors. Used for prevention or reduction of nausea and vomiting.

	DRUG	BRAND NAME	ROUTE	ACTIONS
7.	Ranitidine Hydrochloride	Zantac	IV & PO	Competitively inhibits the action of H ₂ at receptor sites of the parietal cells, decreasing gastric acid secretion
8.	Ondansetron Hydrochloride	Zofran	IV & PO	A selective antagonist of a specific type of serotonin receptor located in the CNS and in the peripheral nervous system on nerve terminals of the vagus nerve. Used for prevention of nausea and vomiting.
9.	Propofol	Diprivan	IV	Used for induction or maintenance of MAC or General anesthesia. For sedation of patients during Blocks or procedures. Careful assessment of airway and vital signs a must.
10.	Flurbiprofen Sodium	Ocufen Liquifilm	Ophthalmic Solution	Thought to inhibit the cyclooxygenase enzyme essential in the biosynthesis of prostaglandins. Used for inhibition of intraoperative miosis
11.	Phenylephrine Hydrochloride	Mydfrin	Ophthalmic Solution	An adrenergic that dilates the pupil by contracting the dilator muscle. Use caution in patients with marked Hypertension or cardiac disorders, type I Diabetes and Hyperthyroidism
12.	Morphine Sulfate	-	PO,IV, IM, SC. PR, Epidural, Intrathecal	Binds with opiate receptors in the CNS altering both perception of and emotional responses to pain through an unknown mechanism. Used for Severe pain. May cause sedation, Respiratory depression. Monitor airway and vital signs.